

**TITRE DE LA LEÇON : THE PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE****Discipline : Anglais****Sous-discipline : Grammaire****Cycle : Lycée****-****Niveau : Terminale A****A-Form: Have/has + past participle**

Examples: To work → I **have worked**; He/she/it **has worked**
To eat → I **have eaten**; He/she **has eaten**

Affirmative form: Subject + have/has + past participle + object

- 1- I have called the police.
- 2- Jane has made a birthday cake.
- 3- Pupils have gone to school.

Negative form: Subject + have/has + not + past participle + object

- 1- I have not called the police.
- 2- Jane has not made a birthday cake.
- 3- Pupils have not gone to school.

Interrogative form: Have/has + Subject + past participle + object?

- 1- Have I called the police?
- 2- Has Jane made a birthday cake?
- 3- Have pupils gone to school?

Negative interrogative form (Interro-negative form)**Have/has + Subject + not + past participle + object?**

- 1- Have I not called the police?
- 2- Has Jane not made a birthday cake?
- 3- Have pupils not gone to school?

-Contracted forms:

Have → **'ve**
Has → **'s**
Have not → **haven't**
Has not → **hasn't**

Examples: I **have** worked. – I **'ve** worked.
He **has** worked. – He **'s** worked.
I **have not** worked. – I **haven't** worked.
He **has not** worked. – He **hasn't** worked
Has he **not** worked? – **Hasn't** he worked?
Where **have** you been? – Where **'ve** you been?

B-Use

We use the present perfect simple:



a)- to talk about recent actions:

Examples: -My father **has gone** to work.
-I **have lost** my key.

b)-To describe an action or a situation that started in the past and continues in the present:

Examples: -I have lived in Brazzaville since 2002(=and I still live in Brazzaville).
-We have worked for an hour and half (=and we continue on working).

c)- With just, already and yet:

Just: a short time ago (action completed in the very recent past)

Examples: -"Are you hungry?" – "No, I've just eaten"
-Jack has just arrived.

Already: sooner than expected

Examples: -"Don't forget to send the letter" – " I've already sent it"
-"What time is Peter leaving?" – " He's already gone.

Yet: until now (Used only in questions and negative sentences)

Examples: Has he stopped eating yet?
I've written the message, but I haven't sent it yet.

d)- With for and since to talk about a present situation which started in the past.

We use for with a period of time (duration: for two hours, for three days, for seven months) and since with a starting point (time, date or event: since 10 o'clock, since May, since 2012, since Christmas)

Examples: We have worked for six days. (We're still working)
She has been here since 7 o'clock. (She is still here)

Exercise one: Put the verbs in brackets into the present perfect simple.

- 1-Jessy (to be) to the Congo River.
- 2-I just (to finish) my homework.
- 3-He (to read) Le Pleurer-rire.
- 4-They (not to live) here for three years.
- 5-My father (to have) the same phone since 2014.
- 6-A: You (to see) my phone? – B: Yes, I have. It is on the table.
- 7-I already (to visit) the House of Congress.
- 8-A: How long you (to learn) Spanish? – B: I (to learn) Spanish for two years.
- 9-John and I (to know) each other since the last African games.

Exercise two: Choose the correct form of the present perfect between a, b or c to complete the sentence.

- 1- He two glasses of whisky. a)drunk b)have drunk c)has drunk
- 2- This is the first time I her. a)have meet b)have met c)met
- 3- "Why is your uniform so wet?" _ "We under the rain. a) are walking b)have walked c)walk
- 4- They back his phone yet. a)haven't given b)don't give c)haven't gave
- 5- She her father for a month. a)hasn't saw b)didn't see c)hasn't seen
- 6- The weather quite warm since Christmas. a)was b)has been c)has had.

Exercise three: Use either *for* or *since*.



- 1-She has been in prison a year.
- 2-We have had no gas the strike began.
- 3-I have known the man a long time.
- 4-He's been Prime Minister 2021.
- 5-They have been here the morning.

Exercise four: Answer these questions using *for* or *since*.

Example: How long have you worked? – I have worked for an hour. / I have worked since 8 o'clock.

- 1-How long have your parents been in that village?
- 2-How long have you had your cell phone?
- 3-How long have you been friends?
- 4-How long have you stayed in this school?